• •	1 2 3 4 5	JEREMY A. ROTH, Bar No. 129007 TINA M. FRYAR, Bar No. 190755 MICHELLE S. PARK, Bar No. 199224 LITTLER MENDELSON A Professional Corporation 501 W. Broadway, Suite 900 San Diego, CA 92101.3577 Telephone: 619.232.0441 Attorneys for Defendant PFIZER, INC.	CS DEC -8 ANT II: 54  CIETY III STREET COURT COUNTY OF CALIFORNIA  DEPUTY				
	7	,					
	8	UNITED STAT	TES DIS TRICT COURT	Z. 18.7. Jan.			
	9	SOUTHERN DIS	STRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
	10	FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS, on behalf	Case No. 06 CV 2679BTM POR				
	11	of himself and all others similarly situated,  Plaintiff,	NOTICE TO FEDERAL COURT OF REMOVAL OF CIVIL ACTION	9			
	12	,	REMOVAL OF CIVIL ACTION	a character			
	13	v. PFIZER, INC., a California Corporation;	Complaint filed: November 1, 2006				
	14	and DOES 1 - 100, inclusive,					
	15	Defendant.					
	16						
17 TO THE CLERK OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT AND TO		TITLED COURT AND TO PLAINTIFF AND HIS					
	18	18 ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:					
	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT Defendant PFIZER, INC. ("Defendant")		HAT Defendant PFIZER, INC. ("Defendant") hereby				
	removes the state action described herein, filed in the Superior Court of the State of Californ						
	21	County of San Diego, to the United States District Court for the Southern District of California,					
	22	pursuant to 28 U.S.C. sections 1441 and 1446. Defendant will promptly file in said Superior Court					
its Notice to State Court and All Adverse Parties of Removal of Civil copy of the Notice to state Court and All Adverse Parties of Removal		its Notice to State Court and All Adverse Pa	arties of Removal of Civil Action. A true and correct				
		copy of the Notice to state Court and All A	dverse Parties of Removal of Civil Action, without its				
	25	accompanying exhibits, is attached hereto as Exhibit "A." This case is being removed based on the					
	26	existence of federal question jurisdiction.					
-Q.	27	111					
501 W Broa	APORATION dway	/// NOTICE TO FEDERAL COURT OF REMOVAL	Case No.				
San Diago, CA 9:	San Diego, CA, 92101 3577 619 232 0441  Vet						

The grounds for removal are as follows:

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1.	On November 1, 2006, an action was commenced against Defendant in the
Superior Court of	the State of California, County of San Diego, entitled Fernando Oblitas-Rios, or
behalf of himself	and all others similarly situated vs. Pfizer, Inc., a California Corporation, and
DOES 1—100, in	clusive, Case No. GIC 874925.

- Defendant was served with a copy of the Summons and a copy of the 2. Complaint on November 10, 2006. Copies of the Summons, the Complaint, the Civil Case Cover Sheet, and the Notice of Case Assignment are attached hereto as Exhibits "B", "C", "D", and "E." These Exhibits constitute all of the papers received by Defendant in the state court action.
- Defendant timely filed its Answer to Plaintiff's Complaint ("Answer") on 3. December 7, 2006. A copy of its Answer is attached hereto as Exhibit "F."
- This Notice to Federal Court of Removal of Civil Action is timely in that it is filed within thirty (30) days after Defendant was served with the Summons and Complaint. Murphy Brothers, Inc. v. Michetti Pipe Stringing, Inc., 119 S.Ct. 1322 (1999); McAnally Enterprises, Inc. v. McAnally, 107 F. Supp. 2d 1223, 1229 (C.D. Cal. 2000).
- This action is a civil action on which this Court has original jurisdiction under 5. 28 U.S.C. section 1331 and 1332(a)(1) and (c)(1) and is one which may be removed to this Court by Defendant pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. sections 1441 (a), (b) and (c).
  - Federal question jurisdiction exists based upon the following: 6.
- The Complaint ("Complaint") alleges several causes of action for failure to pay overtime wages, failure to pay minimum wages, and related causes of action under the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), Title 29 of the United States Code sections 201 et seq., California Labor Code sections 1194 and 203, and Labor Code sections 226.7 and 226. Complaint ("Compl."), passim. Specifically, Plaintiff alleges in his Complaint, among other things, that "... Defendants fail[ed] to pay overtime pursuant to Business & Professions Code sections 17200 et seq., 29 U.S.C. sections 201 et sea. [the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA")], Labor Code section 1194, Wage Order 4, section 3, Labor Code section ... 226.7." Compl., at ¶ 3 (emphasis added). Further, Plaintiff alleges that "[t]his is a civil action seeking recovery for Plaintiff and all Class Members of NOTICE TO FEDERAL COURT OF Case No. **REMOVAL**

overtime wages, denied meal and rest period pay, penalties for failure to comply with wage statement provisions ... under California Labor Code sections 1194 and 203, I.W.C. Wage Order 4, section 4, Labor Code section 226.7, Labor Code section 226, and 29 U.S.C. sections 201 et seq., the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA)." Compl., at ¶ 1 (emphasis added). Plaintiff alleges that "[t]he Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. section 201 et seq., (FLSA) states that an employee must be paid overtime, equal to 1.5 times the employee's rate of pay, for all hours worked in excess of 40 per week. This court has concurrent jurisdiction over claims involving the FLSA pursuant to 29 U.S.C. section 216(b)." Compl., at ¶ 36. Further, Plaintiff alleges that "Overtime Subclass B members regularly work more than 40 hours per week, but are not paid overtime. Subclass B members were not "exempt" under the FLSA ..." Compl., at ¶ 37.

b. Because Plaintiff's claims arise from alleged violations of federal law

- b. Because Plaintiff's claims arise from alleged violations of federal law pursuant to 29 U.S.C. sections 201 *et seq.* and 216, this case is removable pursuant to the Court's original jurisdiction in that this claim arises under the laws of the United States of America. 28 U.S.C. § 1441(b). In addition, supplemental jurisdiction exists over the state law claims in this action. 28 U.S.C. §§ 1367, 1441(c).
- 7. Venue is proper in this Court in that this is the Court of the District embracing the place where the action is pending in state court. 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a).
- 8. No bond is required for removal. 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d); <u>Rezendes v. Dow Corning Corp.</u>, 717 F. Supp. 1435, 1438 n.2 (E.D. Cal. 1989).

Wherefore, Defendant PFIZER, INC. hereby removes the civil action against it in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego, to this Honorable District Court.

3.

Dated: December 8, 2006

JERÉMY A. ROTH
TIMA M. FRYAR
MICHELLE S. PARK
LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Corporation
Attorneys for Defendant
PFIZER, INC.

Firmwide:81729948.1 051034.1019 NOTICE TO FEDERAL COURT OF REMOVAL

Case No.	

LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Corporation
501 W. Broadway
Suite 900
San Diego, CA 92101 3577
619 232.0441

### PROOF OF SERVICE

party to the within action. My business address is 701 "B" Street, #324, San Diego, California

NOTICE TO FEDERAL COURT OF REMOVAL OF CIVIL

**DEFENDANT'S NOTICE OF PARTY WITH FINANCIAL** 

**DECLARATION OF JEREMY A. ROTH REGARDING** NOTICE TO STATE COURT OF REMOVING OF CIVIL

92101. On December 8, 2006, I served the within document(s):

NOTICE OF RELATED CASES

**ACTION TO FEDERAL COURT** 

**CIVIL COVER SHEET** 

the address(es) set forth below.

**ACTION** 

INTEREST

I am a resident of the State of California, over the age of eighteen years, and not a

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PROOF OF SERVICE Firmwide:81756818.1 051034.1019 CASE No.

by personally delivering a copy of the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

605 C Street, Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92101-5305

Timothy D. Cohelan, Esq. Isam C. Khoury, Esq.

Michael D. Singer, Esq.

**COHELAN & KHOURY** 

Phone: 619.595.3001 619.595.3000 Fax:

Executed on December 8, 2006, at San Diego, California.

WORLDWIDE NETWORK

JEREMY A. ROTH, Bar No. 129007 1 TINA M. FRYAR, Bar No. 190755 2 MICHELLE S. PARK, Bar No. 199224 LITTLER MENDELSON A Professional Corporation 3 501 W. Broadway, Suite 900 San Diego, CA 92101.3577 4 Telephone: 619.232.0441 5 Attorneys for Defendant 6 PFIZER, INC. 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 9 **COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO** 10 FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS, on behalf Case No. GIC 874925 of himself and all others similarly situated, NOTICE TO STATE COURT AND ALL 11 ADVERSE PARTIES OF REMOVAL OF Plaintiff, 12 **CIVIL ACTION** ٧. 13 Complaint filed: November 1, 2006 PFIZER, INC., a California Corporation; 14 and DOES 1 - 100, inclusive, 15 Defendant. 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 Firmwide:81729940.1 051034,1019

LITTLER MENDELSON
A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION
501 W Broadway
Suite 900
San Diego, CA 92101 3577

NOTICE TO STATE COURT AND ALL ADVERSE PARTIES OF REMOVAL

TO THE CLERK OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT AND TO PLAINTIFF AND HIS ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT Defendant PFIZER, INC. filed on December 8, 2006, its Notice to Federal Court of Removal of Civil Action in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of California pursuant to 28 U.S.C. sections 1331, 1332, 1441 and 1446. Copies of said notice and its accompanying exhibits are attached hereto as Exhibit "1."

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE THAT the filing of said notice in Federal Court, together with the filing of a copy of said notice with this Court, effects the removal of this action in accordance with 28 U.S.C. section 1446(d).

Dated: December 2, 2006

JEREMY A. ROTH
TINA M. FRYAR
MICHELLE S. PARK
LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Corporation
Attorneys for Defendant
PFIZER, INC.

SU JONS	SUM-100
(CITACION JUDICIAL)	FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)
NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:	• .
(AVISO AL DEMANDADO): PFIZER, INC., a California Corporation; and DOES 1-CIVIL 100, inclusive	Butter to the standard of
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YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:	自身的第三人称单位 (A. A. A
(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):	
FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS, on behalf of himself and all	
others similarly situated	
You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to fill copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You conformation at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), you nearest you. If you cannot pay the filling fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you can to see the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further with the service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services where the case of the ca	must be in proper legal form if you want the an find these court forms and more our county law library, or the courthouse do not file your response on time, you may arning from the court. It know an attorney, you may want to call an vices from a nonprofit legal services whelpcalifornia.org), the California urt or county bar association.  It is para presentar una respuesta por escrito time of the county bar association. It is para presentar una respuesta por escrito time of the county bar association. It is para presentar una formulario que usted time el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de lan la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta useldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia. I no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un los requisitos para obtener servicios la grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California,
The name and address of the court is:	
(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):	CASE NUMBER: (Número del Caso): GIC 874925
San Diego Superior Court Hall of Justice	
330 West Broadway San Diego, CA 92101	
Central The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attorney, or plaintiff without an atto	ornev ic
(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del dema	andante que no tiene abogado, es):
Timothy D. Cohelan, Esq. SBN 60827 619- Michael D. Singer, Esq. SBN 115301	-595-3001 619-595 <b>-</b> 3000
COHELAN & KHOURY, 605 C Street, Suite 200	1/ 12.00.0
San Diego, CA 92101  DATE: NOV 2.1 2000  Clerk, by	1 lovgan Deputy
(Fecha) NUV 0 1 2006 (Secretaria)	B. MORGAN (Adjunto)
For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (forth POS 010).) (Para prueba de entrega de esta citatión use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (I	POSOTON
NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served	35[0,0]].
1. as an individual defendant.	inneritat:
2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (	Specify.
3. on behalf of (specify):	
under: CCP 416.10 (corporation)	CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation)  CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)	
other (specify):	, Land Gardinana Paragraf
4. by personal delivery on (date):	. Page 1 of 1

omente ht 1 File de 651/200200006 Pargeg e 11 of c4848 Timothy D. Cohelan, Esq., SBN 60827 Isam C. Khoury, Esq., SBN 58759 Michael D. Singer, Esq., SBN 115301 2 COHELAN & KHOURY 3 605 C Street, Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92101-5305 4 TEL: (619) 595-3001 FAX: (619) 595-3000 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS 6 on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 **COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO** FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS, on behalf of ) CASE NO. 10 GIC 874325 himself and all others similarly situated, 11 **CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT** 12 1. Restitution of Overtime Wages (Bus. & Plaintiff. Professions Code 17200, et seq.; 29 U.S.C. 13 §§201, et seq.) 14 2. Restitution of Overtime Wages (I.W.C. VS. Wage Order 4-2001) 15 3. Failure to Pay Overtime Wages (Labor 16 Code §1194) PFIZER, INC., a California Corporation; and 17 DOES 1-100, inclusive, 4. Restitution of Overtime Wages (Bus. & Prof. Code §§17200 et seq.) 18 5. Failure to Pay Overtime Wages (Labor 19 Code §1194) Defendants. 20 6. Failure to Pay Minimum Wages (I.W.C. Wage Order 4, Section 4; Labor Code 21 §1194) 22 7. Failure to Provide Meal Periods (Labor Code §226.7) 23 8. Failure to Provide Rest Periods (Labor 24 Code §226.7) 9. Illegal Record Keeping (Labor Code 25 §226) 26 10. Unfair Business Practices (Bus. & Prof. Code §17200, et seq.) 27 11. Conversion 28 CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Demond

l	)	)	12. Declaratory Relief
	}	) )	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
l		<i>)</i>	DEMAND FOR JURY IRIAL

Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated (herein referred to as "Plaintiff"), hereby files this Complaint against Defendants PFIZER, INC. and DOES 1-100 (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Defendants" or "PFIZER"). Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on the basis of that information and belief, alleges as follows:

I.

#### INTRODUCTION

- 1. This is a civil action seeking recovery for Plaintiff and all Class Members of overtime wages, denied meal and rest period pay, penalties for failure to comply with wage statement provisions which are derivative of the causes action in this Complaint, and waiting time penalties, plus interest, attorneys' fees and costs under California Labor Code sections 1194 and 203, I.W.C. Wage Order 4, section 4, Labor Code section 226.7, Labor Code section 226, and 29 U.S.C. sections 201 et seq., the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all other members of the class alleged herein, also brings an action for monetary recovery for Defendants' violations of California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, et seq., including full restitution of all compensation retained by Defendants as a result of their unlawful, fraudulent and unfair business practices, as well as injunctive relief.
- 2. Defendants operate and, at all times during the relevant time period or liability period (four years prior to the filing of the Complaint in this matter), have done business as a manufacturer of prescription drugs throughout the state of California. Defendants have, among other things, employed persons as Pharmaceuticals Representatives and/or equivalent positions to promote and market prescription drugs manufactured by PFIZER to physicians and hospitals.
- 3. Defendants' corporation manufactures prescription drugs and sells the same to physicians, hospitals, and pharmacies within the state of California and throughout the United States. In their endeavor, Defendants employs Pharmaceutical Representatives, to promote and CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

market the various prescription drugs manufactured by them. At no time do the Pharmaceutical 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

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Representatives directly or indirectly sell prescription drugs to physicians, hospitals, or pharmacies. It is Defendants' uniform policy and procedure to pay Pharmaceuticals Representatives a base salary and a bonus without premium overtime pay or denied meal and rest period compensation, and in so doing Defendants fail to pay overtime pursuant to Business & Professions Code sections 17200 et seq., 29 U.S.C. sections 201 et seq., Labor Code section 1194, Wage Order 4, section 3, Labor Code section and 226.7.

II.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS is an individual residing in the County 4. of San Diego, State of California. Plaintiff was employed by PFIZER at all times relevant herein. The Plaintiff and each Class Member was an employee of Defendant PFIZER within the State of California and was subject to the unlawful policies during the past four years.
- 5. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself, similarly situated employees of Defendant PFIZER and the public pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 17200, et seq.
- At all times herein mentioned, on information and belief, Defendant PFIZER, 6. INC. was and is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California and licensed to do business in California, and, in concert with other defendants, were and are doing business in California, including the County of San Diego.
- The California Superior Court has jurisdiction in this matter due to PFIZER's 7. violations of Labor Code sections 203, 226, 226.7, 512, and 1194, and Business and Professions Code sections 17200, et seq., and related common law principles.
- The California Superior Court also has jurisdiction in this matter because both 8. the individual and aggregate monetary damages and restitution sought herein exceed the minimal jurisdictional limits of the Superior Court and will be established at trial, according to proof. Venue as to each Defendant is proper in this judicial district, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure sections 395 (a) and 395.5 because plaintiffs reside in San Diego County and CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

at least some of the acts complained of herein occurred in the County of San Diego. Each Defendant either owns, maintains offices, transacts business, has an agent or agents within the County of San Diego, has its principal place of business in the County of San Diego or otherwise is found within the County of San Diego and each Defendant is within the jurisdiction of this Court for purposes of service of process. III. **PARTIES** Plaintiff 9. Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS is an individual over the age of eighteen (18) and is and/or at all times mentioned in this Complaint was a resident of the state of California. 10. Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS has worked for Defendants as a California-based Pharmaceuticals Representative during the relevant time period. Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS was required to work hours in excess of 11. eight hours per day and 40 hours per week without being paid premium overtime wages and was not paid denied meal and rest period pay. 12. Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS alleges that Defendants did not maintain accurate records pursuant to Labor Code section 226(a) and seeks penalties from Defendants pursuant to Labor Code section 226(e). Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS no longer works for Defendants and 13. seeks waiting time penalties from Defendants pursuant to Defendants' violations of Labor Code section 203. B. **Defendants** 14. Defendant PFIZER, INC. is now and/or at all times mentioned in this Complaint was a California Corporation qualified to do business and actually doing business in the state of California. PFIZER, INC. owns and operates an industry, business and establishment in

numerous separate geographical locations within the state of California, including, but not

limited to, the County of San Diego, for the purpose of manufacturing prescription drugs, and

selling the same to physicians, hospitals, and pharmacies within the state of California and throughout the United States.

- 15. DOES I through 100, inclusive are now, and/or at all times mentioned in this Complaint were, licensed to do business and/or actually doing business in the state of California.
- 16. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of Defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues Defendants by such fictitious. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that each of the Defendants designated herein as a DOE is legally responsible in some manner for the unlawful acts referred to herein. Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the Defendants designated hereinafter as DOES when such identities become known.
- 17. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that each Defendant acted in all respects pertinent to this action as the agent of the other Defendants, carried out a joint scheme, business plan or policy in all respects pertinent hereto, and the acts of each Defendants are legally attributable to the other Defendants as each Defendant has ratified, approved, and authorized the acts of each of the remaining Defendants with full knowledge of said acts.

#### IV.

#### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

18. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, as a class action pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 382. The class which Plaintiff seeks to represent is composed of and defined as follows:

All current and former California-based employees having a title of Pharmaceutical Representative and/or other similarly designated titles, who have worked for Defendant PFIZER, INC. within the last four (4) years from the filing of the Complaint up to and including the time of trial for this matter (hereafter "Pharmaceutical Representatives").

19. The subclasses Plaintiff will seek to certify are currently composed of and defined as follows:

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

- a. All of Defendants' California-based Pharmaceutical Representatives who worked in excess of 8 hours per day and/or 40 hours per week during the applicable statutory period who were not paid overtime wages (hereinafter, "Overtime Subclass A");
- b. All of Defendants' California-based Pharmaceutical Representatives who worked in excess of 40 hours per day week during the applicable statutory period who were not paid overtime wages (hereinafter, "Overtime Subclass B");
- c. All of Defendants' California-based Pharmaceutical Representatives who Defendant mis-classified as exempt from overtime requirements during the applicable statutory period under exemptions other than the commissioned salesperson exemption ("Overtime Subclass C");
- d. All of Defendants' California-based Pharmaceutical Representatives and related positions, who did not receive all meal periods or commensurate pay during the applicable statutory period (hereinafter, "Meal Period Subclass");
- e. All of Defendants' California-based Pharmaceutical Representatives and related positions, who did not receive all rest periods or commensurate pay during the applicable statutory period(hereinafter, "Rest Period Subclass");
- f. All of Defendants' California-based employees during the relevant time period for whom Defendants did not maintain accurate records regarding deductions and gross and net wages earned pursuant to Labor Code section 226(a) during the applicable statutory period (hereinafter, the "Illegal Records Subclass").
- 20. The Overtime Subclass A, Overtime Subclass B, Overtime Subclass C, Meal Period Subclass, Rest Period Subclass and Illegal Records Subclass are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Subclasses."
- 21. Throughout discovery in this litigation, Plaintiff may find it appropriate and/or necessary to amend the definition of the Class or Subclasses. In any event, Plaintiff will formally define and designate a class definition at such time when Plaintiff seeks to certify the Class and Subclasses alleged herein.

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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

- Ascertainable Class: The proposed class and each subclass are ascertainable in 22. that their members can be identified and located using information contained in Defendants' payroll and personnel records.
- Numerosity: The potential quantity of members of the Class and Subclasses as 23. defined is so numerous that joinder of all members would be unfeasible and impractical. The disposition of their claims through this class action will benefit both the parties and this Court. The quantity of members of the Class and Subclasses is unknown to Plaintiff at this time, however, it is estimated that each the Class and Subclasses number is well in excess of 100 individuals. The quantity and identity of such membership is readily ascertainable via inspection of Defendants' records.
- Typicality: The claims of Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS for overtime 24. wages, denied meal and rest period compensation, penalties, interest, and attorney's fees are typical of the claims of all members of the Class and Subclasses mentioned herein because all members of the Class and Subclasses sustained similar injuries and damages arising out of Defendants' common course of conduct in violation of law and the injuries and damages of all members of the Class and Subclasses were caused by Defendants' wrongful conduct in violation of law, as alleged herein.
- Adequacy: Plaintiff FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS is an adequate representative 25. of the Class and Subclasses herein, will fairly protect the interests of the members of the Class and Subclasses, has no interests antagonistic to the members of the Class and Subclasses and will vigorously pursue this suit via attorneys who are competent, skilled and experienced in litigating matters of this type. Class Counsel are competent and experienced in litigating large employment law class actions.
- Superiority: The nature of this action and the nature of laws available to Plaintiff 26. make use of the class action format a particularly efficient and appropriate procedure to afford relief to Plaintiff for the wrongs alleged herein, as follows:

- a. This case involves large corporate Defendants and a large number of individual Class Members with many relatively small claims and common issues of law and fact;
- b. If each individual member of each of the Class and Subclasses was required to file an individual lawsuit, the large corporate Defendants would necessarily gain an unconscionable advantage because Defendants would be able to exploit and overwhelm the limited resources of each individual member of the Class and Subclasses with Defendants' vastly superior financial and legal resources;
- c. Requiring each individual member of each of the Class and Subclasses to pursue an individual remedy would also discourage the assertion of lawful claims by the members of the Class and Subclasses who would be disinclined to pursue an action against Defendants because of an appreciable and justifiable fear of retaliation and permanent damage to their lives, careers and well-being;
- d. Proof of a common business practice or factual pattern, of which the members of the Class and Subclasses experienced, is representative of the Class and Subclasses herein and will establish the right of each of the members of the Class and Subclasses to recover on the causes of action alleged herein;
- e. The prosecution of separate actions by the individual members of the Class and Subclasses, even if possible, would create a substantial risk of inconsistent or varying verdicts or adjudications with respect to the individual members of the Class and Subclasses against Defendants; and which would establish potentially incompatible standards of conduct for Defendants; and/or legal determinations with respect to individual members of the Class and Subclasses which would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interest of the other members of the Class and Subclasses who are not parties to the adjudications or which would substantially impair or impede the ability of the members of the Class and Subclasses to protect their interests; and

- f. The claims of the individual members of the Class and Subclasses are not sufficiently large to warrant vigorous individual prosecution considering all of the concomitant costs and expenses attending thereto.
- g. Furthermore, as the damages suffered by each individual member of the class may be relatively small, the expenses and burden of individual litigation would make it difficult or impossible for individual members of the class to redress the wrongs done to them, while an important public interest will be served by addressing the matter as a class action.
- h. The cost to the court system of adjudication of such individualized litigation would be substantial. Individualized litigation would also present the potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgment.
- i. Finally, the alternative of filing a claim with the California Labor

  Commission is not superior, given the lack of discovery in such proceedings, the availability of fewer remedies, and the fact that the losing party has the right to a trial de novo in the Superior Court.
- 27. Existence and Predominance of Common Questions of Fact and Law: There are common questions of law and fact as to the members of the Class and Subclasses which predominate over questions affecting only individual members of the Class and Subclasses including, without limitation:
- a. Whether the Class Members qualify for exempt status under the inside or outside salesperson exemption;
- b. Whether the Class Members qualify for exempt status under the administrative exemption;
- c. Whether the Class Members are primarily engaged in "sales" of Defendants' pharmaceutical products;
- d. The extent to which Defendants analyzed the duties and responsibilities of the Class Members before classifying them as exempt;
  - e. The number of hours per week and per day Class Members are expected

1	f. Defendants' expectations as to the duties and responsibilities of the Class			
2	Members, and whether these expectations are reasonable under the circumstances;			
3	g. Whether the various tasks performed by the Class Members qualify as			
4	exempt or non-exempt tasks;			
5	h. The number of denied meal and rest periods for Class Members over the			
6	relevant time period and the amount of pay owing and unpaid;			
7	i. Whether Defendants' withholding of overtime pay and was willful under			
8	the meaning of Labor Code Section 203.			
9	j. Whether Defendants failed to keep adequate records for the members of			
0	the Illegal Records Subclass pursuant to Labor Code 226(a) (and the consequence for such			
1	statutory violations if Defendants did not);			
2	k. Whether Defendants' conduct constitutes unfair competition within the			
3	meaning of Business and Professions Code sections 17200 and 17203;			
4	1. Whether members of the Class and Subclasses are entitled to			
5	compensatory damages, and if so, the means of measuring such damages;			
6	m. Whether the members of the Class and Subclasses are entitled to			
7	injunctive relief;			
8	n. Whether the members of the Class and Subclasses are entitled to			
9	restitution;			
20	o. Whether Defendants are liable for pre-judgment interest; and			
21	p. Whether Defendants are liable for attorneys' fees and costs.			
22	<b>v.</b>			
23	CAUSES OF ACTION			
24	First Cause of Action Against All Defendants  Labor Code Section 1194			
25	(On Behalf of Overtime Subclass A)			
26	28. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.			
27	20. Framuit incorporates an preceding paragraphs of this complaint.			
28	·			

29. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194, Plaintiff and the Overtime Subclass A members are entitled to recover their unpaid overtime compensation for hours worked beyond 8 hours per day, 40 hours per week, plus attorneys' fees and costs, in an amount to be proved at trial.

### Second Cause of Action Against All Defendants Unfair Competition/Restitution of Overtime Wages (On Behalf of Overtime Subclass A)

- 30. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 31. Wage Order 4-2001, 8 C.C.R. section 11040, which applies to Defendants' business, states that an employee must be paid overtime, equal to 1.5 times the employee's regular rate of pay, for all hours worked in excess of 40 per week or 8 per day.
- 32. Overtime Subclass A members regularly work more than 40 hours per week and/or 8 hours per day, but are not paid overtime. Overtime Subclass A and B members are not exempt because, inter alia, they do not qualify for the commissioned sales exemption under Wage Order 4-2001, section 3(D).
- 33. Defendants have committed an act of unfair competition by not paying the required overtime pay to the members of Overtime Subclass A.
- 34. Pursuant to Bus. & Prof. Code section 17203, Plaintiff requests an order requiring Defendants to make restitution of all overtime wages due to Overtime Subclass A, in an amount to be proved at trial.

## Third Cause of Action Against All Defendants Unfair Competition/Restitution of Overtime Wages (On Behalf of Overtime Subclass B)

- 35. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 36. The Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. section 201 et seq., (FLSA) states that an employee must be paid overtime, equal to 1.5 times the employee's regular rate of pay, for all hours worked in excess of 40 per week. This court has concurrent jurisdiction over claims involving the FLSA pursuant to 29 U.S.C. section 216(b).

- 37. Overtime Subclass B members regularly work more than 40 hours per week, but are not paid overtime. Subclass B members were not "exempt" under the FLSA, because, inter alia, they did not sell prescription drugs, but merely promoted and marketed the prescription drugs sold by Defendant to physicians, hospitals, and pharmacies. Defendants have committed an act of unfair competition by not paying the required overtime pay to the members of Overtime Subclass B.
- 38. Pursuant to Bus. & Prof. Code section 17203, Plaintiff requests an order requiring Defendants to make restitution of all overtime wages due to Overtime Subclass B, in an amount to be proved at trial.

#### Fourth Cause of Action Against All Defendants Labor Code Section 1194 (On Behalf of Subclass C)

- 39. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 40. Subclass C members regularly work more than 40 hours per week and/or 8 hours per day, but are not paid overtime. Overtime Subclass C members are not exempt because, inter alia, they are production workers, they do not spend a majority of their time on exempt tasks, and they do not customarily and regularly exercise discretion and independent judgment in matters of consequence to Defendants' business.
- 41. Pursuant to California Labor Code section 1194, Plaintiff and the Subclass C members are entitled to recover their unpaid overtime compensation, plus attorneys' fees and costs, in an amount to be proved at trial.

# Fifth Cause of Action Against All Defendants Unfair Competition/Restitution of Overtime Wages (On Behalf of Overtime Subclass C)

- 42. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 43. Subclass C members regularly work more than 40 hours per week and/or 8 hours per day, but are not paid overtime. Overtime Subclass C members are not exempt because, inter alia, they are production workers, they do not spend a majority of their time on exempt tasks,

and they do not customarily and regularly exercise discretion and independent judgment in matters of consequence to Defendants' business.

- 44. Defendants have committed an act of unfair competition by not paying the required overtime pay to the members of Overtime Subclass C.
- 45. Pursuant to Bus. & Prof. Code section 17203, Plaintiff requests an order requiring Defendants to make restitution of all overtime wages due to Overtime Subclass C, in an amount to be proved at trial.

### Sixth Cause of Action Against All Defendants Failure to Provide Meal Breaks (On Behalf of Meal Period Subclass)

- 46. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 47. Defendants failed to provide the members of Class with all of their required meal breaks. As a result, under Labor Code section 226.7, Plaintiff and the members of Class are entitled to one additional hour's pay for each day a meal break was missed, in an amount to be proved at trial.

### Seventh Cause of Action Against All Defendants Failure to Provide Rest Breaks (On Behalf of Rest Period Subclass)

- 48. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 49. Defendants failed to provide the members of Class with all of their required rest breaks. As a result, under Labor Code section 226.7, Plaintiff and the members of Class are entitled to one additional hour's pay for each day a rest break was missed, in an amount to be proved at trial.

## Eighth Cause of Action Against All Defendants Illegal Record Keeping (On Behalf of the Illegal Records Subclass)

- 50. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 51. Labor Code section 226 requires an employer to furnish its employees with an accurate itemized statement in writing showing, among other things, (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by each respective individual, (3) all deductions, (4) net wages earned and/or

- (5) all applicable hourly rates in effect during each respective pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by each respective individual.
- 52. Therefore, pursuant to Labor Code section 226, California employers are required to maintain accurate records pertaining to the total hours worked for Defendants by the members of the Illegal Records Subclass, including, but not limited to, the total hours worked per pay period and applicable rates of pay.
- 53. The members of the Illegal Records Subclass include all of Defendants' employees for whom Defendants did not list all hours worked.
- 54. As a pattern and practice, in violation of Labor Code section 226(a), Defendants did not furnish each of the members of the Illegal Records Subclass with an accurate itemized statement in writing showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by each respective individual, (3) all deductions, (4) net wages earned and/or (5) all applicable hourly rates in effect during each respective pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate-by each respective individual.
- 55. As a pattern and practice, in violation of Labor Code section 226(a), Defendants did not maintain accurate records pertaining to the total hours worked for Defendants by the members of the Illegal Records Subclass, including, but not limited to, beginning and ending of each work period, the total daily hours worked, and the total hours worked per pay period and applicable rates of pay.
- 56. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226(e), the members of the Illegal Records Subclass are entitled to penalties as follows:
- a. Fifty dollars (\$50.00) per employee for the initial pay period in which a violation occurs; and
- b. One hundred dollars (\$100.00) per employee for each violation in a subsequent pay period, not to exceed \$4,000 per claimant.
- 57. Pursuant to Labor Code section 226(g), the members of the Illegal Records Subclass are entitled to injunctive relief to ensure Defendants' compliance with Labor Code section 226.

- 58. The members of the Illegal Records Subclass are entitled to an award of costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.
- 59. Labor Code section 226(a) requires Defendants to itemize in wage statements all deductions from wages of Plaintiff and the members of the proposed Class.
- 60. Defendants have knowingly and intentionally failed to comply with Labor Code section 226(a) on each and every wage statement provided to Plaintiff and members of the proposed subclass.

## Ninth Cause of Action Against All Defendants Unfair Business Practices (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the General Public)

- 61. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 62. Defendants' failure to pay overtime and denied meal and rest period pay to Plaintiff and members of the Class and Subclasses, under the IWC Wage Orders and under California Labor Code, and failure to keep proper records, as alleged herein, constitute unlawful activity prohibited by Business and Professions Code sections 17200, et seq.
- 63. The actions of Defendants in failing to pay Plaintiff and members of the Plaintiff Class and Subclasses in a lawful manner, as will be further alleged herein, constitute false, unfair, fraudulent and deceptive business practices, within the meaning of Business and Professions Code sections 17200, et seq.
- 64. Plaintiff is entitled to an injunction and other equitable relief against such unlawful practices in order to prevent future damage, for which there is no adequate remedy at law, and to avoid a multiplicity of lawsuits. Plaintiff brings this cause individually and as a member of the general public as a representative of all others subject to Defendants' unlawful acts and practices.
- 65. As a result of their unlawful acts, Defendants have reaped and continue to reap unfair benefits at the expense of Plaintiff, and the Class and Subclasses he seeks to represent.
- 66. Defendants should be enjoined from this activity and made to disgorge these illgotten gains and restore to Plaintiff and the members of the Class and Subclasses the wrongfully withheld wages and meal and rest period pay, pursuant to Business and Professions Code

section 17200, et seq. Plaintiff is informed and believe, and thereon alleges, that Defendants are unjustly enriched through their failure to pay overtime and minimum wages to Plaintiff and members of the Class and Subclasses.

- 67. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Plaintiff and members of the Class are prejudiced by Defendants' unfair trade practices.
- 68. As a direct and proximate result of the unfair business practices of Defendants, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all employees similarly situated, is entitled to equitable and injunctive relief, including full restitution, disgorgement, and/or specific performance of payment of all wages and pay that have been unlawfully withheld from Plaintiff and members of the Class and Subclasses as a result of the business acts and practices described herein and enjoining Defendants to cease and desist from engaging in the practices described herein.
- Defendants will not continue such activity into the future. Plaintiff alleges that if Defendants are not enjoined from the conduct set forth in this Complaint, they will continue to avoid paying overtime, minimum wages, and appropriate taxes, insurance, and unemployment withholdings.
- 70. Plaintiff further requests that the court issue a preliminary and permanent injunction prohibiting Defendants to continue engaging in the practices described hereinabove.

### Tenth Cause of Action Against All Defendants Conversion (On Behalf of Plaintiff and the General Public)

- 71. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 72. At all relevant times herein, Defendants had a legal obligation imposed by statutory law to compensate Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses for all of the hours worked, overtime, and minimum wages. Plaintiff has hereinbefore alleged that he and the Class were not compensated for all hours worked, overtime, minimum wages, and that such payments are due.
- 73. Defendants knowingly and intentionally failed and refused to pay for all hours worked, overtime, and minimum wages. Defendants withheld these sums and converted them by refusing to pay Plaintiff and the Class as alleged herein. Plaintiff and the Class owned or had

the right to own and had the legal right to hold, possess and dispose of, the withheld wages, and Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses rely on this statutory right. Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses gained the right to hold, possess, and dispose of the compensation as Plaintiff and the members of the Class earned these wages during the relevant time period.

- 74. Defendants knowingly, willfully and unlawfully interfered with Plaintiff's and the Class Members' rights to be compensated, and to own, possess and/or control disposition of said sums. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that he and each of the members of the Class were not paid overtime and minimum wages. Plaintiff and the members of the Class and Subclasses are entitled to overtime and minimum wages.
- 75. The exact amount of the unpaid wages and pay owed to Plaintiff and the members of the Class and Subclasses, and each of them, is capable of being made certain. The specific identifiable sum of money Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to varies per class member and will be established at trial in an amount according to proof.
- 176. In failing to pay overtime and minimum wages, Defendants knowingly, unlawfully and intentionally took, appropriated and converted the property (wages) of Plaintiff and the Class for Defendants' own use, purposes and benefits. At the time the conversion took place, Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses were entitled to immediate possession of the amounts of wages as they were entitled to such compensation under Labor Code sections 1194, Business and Professions Code sections 17200, et seq., I.W.C. Wage Order 4, and 29 U.S.C. §§201, et seq. Said conversion was oppressive, malicious and fraudulent, and Defendants' obligation to compensate was concealed by Defendants from the named Plaintiff and from the class membership, as hereinafter alleged. Further, Defendants knew that Plaintiff and the members of the class were, in fact, entitled to full payment of earned wages and pay, and knowingly refused payment to Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses, and instead utilized the money they would otherwise have had to pay to Plaintiff and the Class Members for Defendants' own purposes and benefits.
- 77. Defendants have regularly and consistently maintained corporate policies and procedures that dictated and mandated that Class Members were not to be paid for overtime and CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

minimum wages. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendants implemented and carried out the policies and procedures as alleged herein for the primary purpose of depriving Plaintiff and the Class of their right to these wages under Labor Code section 1194 such that Defendants converted said sums for their own uses, as heretofore alleged.

- 78. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Class Members carry out their tasks, duties and responsibilities for Defendants in substantially similar fashion as heretofore alleged. Accordingly, Defendants have taken sums owed to Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses and converted the same to their own use and benefit.
- 79. Plaintiff and members of the Class have been injured by said conversion through reliance on the Defendants' obligation to comply with applicable California and federal law, requiring that Defendants pay overtime and minimum wages to Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses. Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses are entitled to all money converted by the Defendants with interest thereon, as well as any and all profits, whether direct or indirect, which the Defendants acquired by their unlawful conversion. Furthermore, Defendants' actions constituting conversion were oppressive, malicious and fraudulent and were concealed by Defendants from the named Plaintiff and the Class Members as hereinbefore alleged. Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses have been injured by Defendants' oppressive, malicious, intentional and fraudulent actions, entitling Plaintiff and the Class to punitive and exemplary damages.
- 80. WHEREFORE, Plaintiff and the Class and Subclasses he seeks to represent requests relief as described below.

### Eleventh Cause of Action Against All Defendants (Declaratory Relief - By Plaintiff Only)

- 81. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint.
- 82. An actual controversy has arisen and continues to exist between Plaintiff and Defendants in that Plaintiff contends that he was not employed in an outside sales capacity, whereas Defendants claim he was.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

-18-

A judicial declaration is necessary and proper at this time to resolve this actual 83. controversy between Plaintiff and Defendants and to establish the respective rights and duties of the parties. PRAYER FOR RELIEF PRAYER FOR RELIEF WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays: That the Court issue an Order certifying the Class and Subclasses herein, 1. appointing the named Plaintiff as representative of all others similarly situated, and appointing the law firms representing the named Plaintiff as counsel for the members of the Class and Subclasses; As to the First Cause of Action for Overtime Pay: For payment of overtime pay; 2. For interest as authorized by Labor Code sections 218.6 and 1194(a) and Civil 3. Code sections 3287(b) and 3289; For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; 4. As to the Second Cause of Action for Restitution of Overtime: For restitution of overtime pay; 5. For interest as authorized by Labor Code sections 218.6 and 1194(a) and Civil 17 6. Code sections 3287(b) and 3289; For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; 19 7. As to the Third Cause of Action for Restitution of Overtime: 20 8. For restitution of overtime pay; For interest as authorized by Labor Code sections 218.6 and 1194(a) and Civil 22 9. 23 Code sections 3287(b) and 3289; For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; 24 10. As to the Fourth Cause of Action for Overtime Wages: 25 For payment of overtime wages; 26 11. For interest as authorized by Labor Code sections 218.6 and 1194(a) and Civil 27 12. 28 Code sections 3287(b) and 3289;

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. 1 13. As to the Fifth Cause of Action for Restitution of Overtime: 2 For restitution of overtime pay; 3 14. 15. For interest as authorized by Labor Code sections 218.6 and 1194(a) and Civil 4 Code sections 3287(b) and 3289; 5 16. For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. 6 As to the Sixth Cause of Action for Meal Period Violations: 7 8 17. For payment of meal period pay; For interest as authorized by Labor Code sections 218.6 and 1194(a) and Civil 9 18. 10 Code sections 3287(b) and 3289; 11 19. For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; As to the Seventh Cause of Action for Rest Period Violations: 12 13 20. For payment of rest period pay; 14 21. For interest as authorized by Labor Code sections 218.6 and 1194(a) and Civil Code sections 3287(b) and 3289; 15 For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; 16 22. 17 As to the Eighth Cause of Action for Illegal Record Keeping: For penalties as authorized by Labor Code section 226(e); 18 23. For injunctive relief to ensure Defendants' compliance with Labor Code section 19 24. 20 226 pursuant to Labor Code section 226(g); 21 25. For an award of costs and reasonable attorneys' fees. As to the Ninth Cause of Action for Unfair Business Practices: 22 23 For an accounting, under administration of Plaintiff and/or the receiver and 26. subject to Court review, to determine the amount to be returned by Defendants, and the amounts 24 25 to be refunded to members of the Class and Subclasses who are owed monies by Defendants; For an Order requiring Defendants to identify each of the members of the Class 26 27. 27 and Subclasses by name, home address, and home telephone number; 28

-21-

1	DATED: November 1, 2006 COI	HELAN & KHOURY	
2		STUMMAN,	
3	1	MICHAEL D. SINGER	
4		Counsel for Plaintiff	
5	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
6	Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial.		
7	<b> </b>		
8	DATED: November 1, 2006	HELAN & KHOURY	
9	·	(1/1/1/Q)	
10	Dy <del>,</del>	MICHAEL D. SINGER	
11 12		Counsel for Plaintiff	
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28	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT		
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		CM-010		
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar	number, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY		
MICHAEL D. SINGER, ESQ.	5BN 60827 115301			
1 COLCA AND A KHIDUCT	0.5.0 (			
655 6 57 50176 200 SAN DIEGO, Q. 92101 TELEPHONE NO.: 614 -595 - 3001		CIVIL BUSINESS OF TICE 9		
	FAX.NO.: 619-595-3000	CELLIENT		
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): PLAINTIFF				
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COL	JNTY OF SAN DIEGO	жы NOV -1 Р 3: 47		
HALL OF JUSTICE, 330 W. BROADWAY, SAN DIE O NORTH COUNTY DIVISION, 325 S. MELROSE DR O EAST COUNTY DIVISION, 250 E. MAIN ST., EL CA RAMONA BRANCH, 1428 MONTECITO RD., RAMO	., VISTA, CA 92081-6643	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
O NORTH COUNTY DIVISION, 325 S. MELROSE DR DEAST COUNTY DIVISION, 250 E. MAIN ST., EL CA RAMONA BRANCH, 1428 MONTECITO RD., RAMO	JON, CA 92020-3941 DNA, CA 92065-5200	CLEAN-FILST NAME AND F		
SOUTH COUNTY DIVISION, 500 3RD AVE., CHUL	A VISTA, CA 91910-5649	SMI CETTE TO SET OF		
CASE NAME:				
	V. PFIZER, INC.			
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET		CASE NUMBER:		
X Unlimited ☐ Limited	Complex Case Designation	GIC 874925		
(Amount (Amount	Counter Joinder	300		
demanded demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defer	ndant JUDGE:		
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 1811	<u> </u>		
	ow must be completed (see instructions	s on page 2).		
1. Check one box below for the case type tha	_			
Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 1800–1812)		
Auto (22)	Breach of contract/warranty (06)			
Uninsured motorist (46)	Collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)		
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property <u>Dam</u> age/Wrongful Death) Tort	Insurance coverage (18)	Construction defect (10)		
Asbestos (04)	Cther contract (37) Real Property	Mass tort (40)		
Product liability (24)	Eminent domain/inverse	Securities litigation (28)		
Medical malpractice (45)	condemnation (14)	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)		
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	Wrongful eviction (33)	Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case		
Non-Pi/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Other real property (26)	types (41)		
Business tort/unfair business practice (07		Enforcement of Judgment		
Civil rights (08)	Commercial (31)	Enforcement of judgment (20)		
Defamation (13)	Residential (32)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint		
Fraud (16)	Drugs (38)	RICO (27)		
Intellectual property (19)	Judicial Review	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)		
Professional negligence (25)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Miscellaneous Civil Petition		
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)		
Employment	Writ of mandate (02)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)		
Wrongful termination (36)	Other Judicial review (39)			
Other employment (15)				
2. This case X is is is not com	plex under rule 1800 of the California R	Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the		
factors requiring exceptional judicial mana	gement:	the state of the s		
a. Large number of separately repre	sented parties d. Large numb	er of witnesses		
b. X Extensive motion practice raising	difficult or novel e. Coordination	n with related actions pending in one or more courts		
issues that will be time-consuming		nties, states, or countries, or in a federal court		
c. Substantial amount of documentary evidence f. Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision				
3. Type of remedies sought (check all that apply):				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ary; declaratory or injunctive relief c.	punitive		
4. Number of causes of action (specify):				
5. This case is is is not a class action suit.				
6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may use form CM-018.)				
Date: 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
JASON CON FOR A  (TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	TTORNEY)	(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)		
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	NOTICE	(GIOWA JUNE OF PARTY) K AT TOKINEY FUR PARTY)		
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the f	irst paper filed in the action or proceedi	ng (except small claims cases or cases filed		
under the Probate Code, Family Code, or N	Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Ru	iles of Court, rule 201.8.) Failure to file may result		
in sanctions.  • File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.				
• If this case is complex under rule 1800 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all				
other parties to the action or proceeding.	•			
<ul> <li>Unless this is a complex case, this cover s</li> </ul>	heet will be used for statistical numoses	s only		

### SUPERIOR COL. T OF CALIFORNIA, COUNT OF SAN DIEGO

INDEPENDENT CALENDAR CLERK 330 W. Broadway San Diego, CA 92101

TO:

MICHAEL D. SINGER (P)

**FILE COPY** 

FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS

Plaintiff(s)

Case No.: GIC874925

NOTICE OF CASE ASSIGNMENT

VS.

Judge:

JAY M. BLOOM

Department: 70

PFIZER INC

Defendant(s)

Phone: 619-685-6128

#### COMPLAINT FILED 11/01/06

IT IS THE DUTY OF EACH PLAINTIFF (AND CROSS-COMPLAINANT) TO SERVE A COPY OF THIS NOTICE WITH THE COMPLAINT (AND CROSS-COMPLAINT).

ALL COUNSEL WILL BE EXPECTED TO BE FAMILIAR WITH SUPERIOR COURT RULES WHICH HAVE BEEN PUBLISHED AS DIVISION II, AND WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED.

TIME STANDARDS: The following timeframes apply to general civil cases and must be adhered to unless you have requested and been granted an extension of time. General civil consists of all cases except: Small claims appeals, petitions, and unlawful detainers.

COMPLAINTS: Complaints must be served on all named defendants, and a CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE (SDSC CIV-345) filed within 60 days of filing. This is a mandatory document and may not be substituted by the filing of any other document. (Rule 2.5)

DEFENDANT'S APPEARANCE: Defendant must generally appear within 30 days of service of the complaint. (Plaintiff may stipulate to no more than a 15 day extension which must be in writing and filed with the Court.) (Rule 2.6)

DEFAULT: If the defendant has not generally appeared and no extension has been granted, the plaintiff must request default within 45 days of the filing of the Certificate of Service. (Rule 2.7)

THE COURT ENCOURAGES YOU TO CONSIDER UTILIZING VARIOUS ALTERNATIVES TO LITIGATION, INCLUDING MEDIATION AND ARBITRATION, PRIOR TO THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE. MEDIATION SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE UNDER THE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROGRAMS ACT AND OTHER PROVIDERS. SEE ADR INFORMATION PACKET AND STIPULATION.

YOU MAY ALSO BE ORDERED TO PARTICIPATE IN ARBITRATION PURSUANT TO CCP 1141.10 AT THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE. THE FEE FOR THESE SERVICES WILL BE PAID BY THE COURT IF ALL PARTIES HAVE APPEARED IN THE CASE AND THE COURT ORDERS THE CASE TO TO ARBITRATION PURSUANT TO CCP 1141.10. THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE WILL BE CANCELLED IF YOU FILE FORM SDSC CIV-359 PRIOR TO THAT HEARING.

ALSO SEE THE ATTACHED NOTICE TO LITIGANTS.

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that I am not a party to the above-entitled case; on the date shown below, I served this notice on the parties shown by personally handing it to the attorney or their personal representative at SAN DIEGO California.

DATED: 11/01/06

BY: CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

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absence thereof on the part of Defendant.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the Complaint,

**AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES** 

and each and every alleged claim therein, fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a claim upon which relief can be granted.

#### SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff has failed, refused and/or neglected to mitigate or avoid the damages complained of in the Complaint, if any.

#### THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's claims for equitable relief are barred by the doctrines of waiver, unclean hands, estoppel and/or laches.

#### FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff is not entitled to equitable relief insofar as he has an adequate remedy at law.

#### FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the Complaint and each and every claim alleged therein is barred by all applicable statutes of limitations, including but not limited to, Code of Civil Procedure sections 338, 339, 340, California Business and Professions Code section 17208, and 29 U.S.C. section 255, and other applicable statutes of limitations.

## SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff has not and cannot satisfy the requirements for proceeding in a collective action under the provisions of section 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure on behalf of others "similarly situated."

## SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff and all alleged potential class members have been paid and/or received all wages due to them by virtue of their employment with Defendant.

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### **EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff lacks standing to file and/or prosecute this action against Defendant and/or to receive any attorneys' fees.

#### **NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the Complaint fails to properly state a claim for attorney's fees under California Labor Code sections 218.5 and 1194(a), California Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq., or any other basis.

### TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Plaintiff was treated fairly and in good faith, and that Defendant acted in good faith at all times alleged in the Complaint, and at no time did Defendant engage in unfair or deceptive business practices.

#### **ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges Plaintiff's alleged injuries were not proximately caused by any unlawful policy, custom, practice and/or procedure promulgated and/or tolerated by Defendant.

#### TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that, assuming arguendo, Plaintiff is entitled to recover additional compensation on behalf of himself and/or others, Defendant has not willfully or intentionally failed to pay such additional compensation, and as such, liquidated damages should not be awarded and only a two-year statute of limitations should apply under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

### THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Defendant has not willfully failed to pay Plaintiff any wages, and there is a bona fide, good faith dispute with respect to Defendant's obligation to pay any wages that may be found to be due.

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#### **FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's causes of action for, or based upon, a violation of Labor Code section 226.7 fails and/or recovery is limited as a matter of law because the one-hour-of-pay remedy for meal and rest period violations is a penalty, not wages, and therefore, the claim has a one year statute of limitations under California Code of Civil Procedure Section 340(a).

#### FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff does not, and cannot, fairly and adequately represent the interests of the purported class.

#### SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff's claim for penalties is barred because Defendant acted in good faith and reasonably believed that its conduct was lawful.

#### SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that certification of a class, as applied to the facts and circumstances of this case, would constitute a denial of Defendant's procedural rights and right to trial by jury and to substantive and procedural due process, in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution and the Due Process and Equal Protection Clauses of the California Constitution.

## **EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that this suit may not be properly maintained as a class action because: (1) Plaintiff has failed to plead, and cannot establish, the necessary procedural elements for class treatment; (2) a class action is not an appropriate method for the fair and efficient adjudication of the claims described in the Complaint; (3) common issues of fact or law do not predominate and, to the contrary, individual issues predominate; (4) Plaintiff's claims are not representative or typical of the claims of the putative class; (5) Plaintiff is not a proper class representative; (6) Plaintiff and his counsel of record are not adequate representatives for the alleged putative class; (7) Plaintiff cannot satisfy any of the Firmwide:81729763.1 051034.1019

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constitutional; (8) there is not a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law or fact affecting Plaintiff and the members of the alleged putative class; (9) the alleged putative class is not ascertainable, nor are its members identifiable; and (10) to the extent that the alleged putative class is ascertainable and its members are identifiable, the number of putative class members is too small to meet the numerosity requirement for a class action. NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

requirements for class action treatment, and class action treatment is neither appropriate nor

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the adjudication of the claims of the putative class through generalized classwide proof violates Defendant's rights to a trial by jury guaranteed by the United States and California Constitutions.

#### TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff cannot recover lost wages, penalties or other monetary remedies under Business and Professions Code section 17200 et seq.

#### TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff is not entitled to an award of prejudgment interest if he prevails on any or all of his claims.

## TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that the Complaint fails to properly state facts sufficient to entitle Plaintiff or putative class members to any relief, including, but not limited to, its failure to properly state facts sufficient to identify any actual or threatened harm to Plaintiff beyond pure speculation, its failure to allege facts showing that Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law, and its proposal of relief that would impose an undue burden on both Defendant and the Court and be so uncertain as to be wholly unenforceable.

### TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff has failed to allege sufficient facts to state a claim upon which punitive damages may be awarded.

#### TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As a separate and distinct affirmative defense, Defendant opposes class certification and dispute the propriety of class treatment. If the Court certifies a class in this case over Defendant's objections, then Defendant asserts the affirmative defenses set forth herein against each and every member of the certified class.

#### **ADDITIONAL DEFENSES**

Defendant does not presently know all facts with respect to the conduct alleged by Plaintiff sufficient to state all affirmative defenses at this time. Defendant reserves the right to amend this Answer should it later discover facts demonstrating the existence of additional affirmative defenses.

#### WHEREFORE, Defendant prays that:

- 1. The Complaint be dismissed in its entirety with prejudice and Plaintiff take nothing by his Complaint;
  - 2. Judgment be entered against Plaintiff and in favor of Defendant;
- 3. Defendant be awarded its costs of suit and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred herein; and
- 4. The Court award Defendant such other and further relief as it deems appropriate.

Dated: December 7, 2006

JEREMY A. ROTH
TINA M. FRYAR
MICHELLE S. PARK
LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Corporation
Attorneys for Defendant
PFIZER, INC.

ibelle Tack

#### 1 PROOF OF SERVICE 2 I am a resident of the State of California, over the age 3 4 party to the within action. My business address is 501 W. Broadway, Suite 900, San Diego, 5 California 92101.3577. On December 7, 2006, I served the within document(s): 6 DEFENDANT'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT 7 by facsimile transmission at or about on that date. This document was transmitted by using a facsimile machine that complies with California Rules 8 of Court Rule 2003(3), telephone number 619.232.4302. The transmission was reported as complete and without error. A copy of the transmission report, properly 9 issued by the transmitting machine, is attached. The names and facsimile numbers 10 of the person(s) served are as set forth below. 11 X by placing a true copy of the document(s) listed above for collection and mailing following the firm's ordinary business practice in a sealed envelope with postage 12 thereon fully prepaid for deposit in the United States mail at San Diego, California addressed as set forth below. 13 by depositing a true copy of the same enclosed in a sealed envelope, with delivery 14 fees provided for, in an overnight delivery service pick up box or office designated 15 for overnight delivery, and addressed as set forth below. 16 by personally delivering a copy of the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below. 17 18 Timothy D. Cohelan, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiffs Isam C. Khoury, Esq. 19 Michael D. Singer, Esq. 20 **COHELAN & KHOURY** 605 C Street, Suite 200 21 San Diego, CA 92101-5305 Phone: 619.595.3001 22 Fax: 619.595.3000 23 I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing 24 correspondence for mailing and for shipping via overnight delivery service. Under that practice it 25 would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service or if an overnight delivery service shipment, 26 deposited in an overnight delivery service pick-up box or office on the same day with postage or fees 27

LITTLER MENDELSON
A Proffstown, Componation
501 W Broadway
Suite 900
San Diego, CA 92101 3577

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thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on December 7, 2006, at San Diego, California. 

2.

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the inforr by local rules of court. This form, approv	ved by the Judicial Con-	neither replace no ference of the Unit	r suppleme ed States in	ent the filing and serv	vice of plea	or other papers as re	quired by law, exception of the purpose	NAL of as provided of initiating
the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)  I. (a) PLAINTIFFS  FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated				DEFENDANTS PFIZER, INC., a California Corporation; and DOES-1-100				
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff San Diego (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				County of Residence of First Listed  (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY), T COURT  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES USE THE LOCATION OR THE LAND INVOLVED.				
(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) TIMOTHY D. COHELAN, Bar No. 60827 ISAM C. KHOURY, Bar No. 58759 MICHAEL D. SINGER, Bar No. 115301 COHELAN & KHOURY 605 C Street, Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92101 Tel: (619) 595-3001 Fax: (619) 595-3000				Attorneys (If Known) JEREMY A. ROTH, Bar No. 129007 TINA M. FRYAR, Bar No. 190755 MICHELLE S. PARK, Bar No. 199224 501 West Broadway, Suite 900				
				\$an Diego, CA Tel. (619) 232 Fax: (619) 232	 DOD	Strate : see		
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II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION  1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	ON (Place an "X" in On-			FIZENSHIP C For Diversity Caszen of This State	es Only)	DEF  1 Incorporated or Prin of Business In	and One Box for Def PTI cipal Place 4	fendant) F DEF 4 □ 4
2 U.S. Government 2 4 D Defendant	Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of F	Parties in Item III)	Citi	zen of Another State zen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<ul><li>□ 2</li><li>□ 3</li></ul>	2 Incorporated and Prior of Business In a  3 Foreign Nation	-	_
IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place	an "X" in One Box Only	)		orong. Country				
120 Marine	ERSONAL INJURY  10 Airplane 15 Airplane Product Liability 20 Assault, Libel & Slander 30 Federal Employers' Liability 40 Marine 45 Marine Product Liability 50 Motor Vehicle 55 Motor Vehicle	PERSONAL IN  362 Personal Inj Med. Malpi 365 Personal Inj Product Lia  368 Asbestos Personal Inj PERSONAL PRO  370 Other Fraue 371 Truth in Let 380 Other Perso Property Da 385 Property Da 585 Property Da 585 Property Da 510 Motions to Sentence Habeas Corpus 530 General 535 Death Pena 540 Mandamus 550 Civil Right 555 Prison Con	JURY jury— ractice jury— sbility ersonal uct  DPERTY inding mal amage amage ability  FITIONS  Vacate  s:	FORFEITURE/PE  610 Agriculture 620 Other Food & 625 Drug Related of Property 2 630 Liquor Laws 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other  LABOR  710 Fair Labor Sta Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. 4 Disclosure 740 Railway Labo 790 Other Labor L 791 Empl. Ret. Inc Security Act	Drug Seizure 1 USC 881  andards Relations Reporting Act or Act Litigation	BANKRUPTCY  422 Appeal 28 USC 158 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157  PROPERTY RIGHTS  820 Copyrights 830 Patent 840 Trademark  SOCIAL SECURITY  861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405() 864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g))  FEDERAL TAX SUIT  870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	470 Racketeer In Corrupt Org 480 Consumer C 490 Cable/Sat T 810 Selective Sc Exchange Exchange 12 USC 34 891 Agricultura 891 Agricultura 892 Economic S 893 Environmer 894 Energy Allc S 895 Freedom of Act	Banking  Influenced and ganizations Credit V ervice Commodities/ Challenge 10 tory Actions I Acts Stabilization Act Intal Matters ocation Act Information al Access nality of
V. ORIGIN  ☐ 1 Original  Proceeding  Proceeding  (Place an "X" in Original  2 Removed to State Cour	from 3 Reman t Appella	ate Court	4 Reinstat Reopen	ed or 5 anothed (spec	ify)	6 Multidistrict Litigation	7 Judge fr Magistra Judgmei	ate
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	29 USC §§ 201, Brief description of c	et seq.	you are fi	iling (Do not cite j	urisdictio	nal statutes unless diver	sity):	
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	FLSA Classificat CHECK IF THIS IS UNDER F.R.C.P. 23	A CLASS ACTI	ION E	DEMAND S		CHECK YI JURY DE	ES only if demanded MAND:	d in complaint

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VIII. RELATED CASE(S) (See instructions IF ANY		ons): JODGE	oncremment 1 Fille	eded513/008/20006 Pargege747f ell848  DOCET NUMBER		
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RECEIPT #	AMOUNT	APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUDGE		

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Southern District of California
San Diego Division

# 132634 - A1 December 8, 2006

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Judge	- MOSKOWITZ			
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Total-> 350.00

FROM: CIVIL FILING
FERNANDO OBLITAS-RIOS V.
PFIZER INC
BCR 288408 SH